# SERVICE MANUAL <br> KTN-2001 / KTN-1401 

Rev. No. : "A"



## KORTEK CORPORATION

Information provided by:

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## 1.PRECAUTIONS

## 1-1 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

## WARNINGS : Service should not be attempted by anyone unfamiliar with the necessary

 precautions on this monltor. The following precautions are necessary during servicing.1) For continued safety, do not attempt to modify the circuit board
2) Disconnect the $A C$ Power before servicing.
3) When the Monitor is operating, do not touch any heatsink on the Chassis as it is self-heated.

## 1-1-1 FIRE \& SHOCK HARZARD

1) During servicing, pay attention to the original wires whether it is uncoated or undressed, especially the wires in the high voltage circuit section. If there is any uncoated or melted wire is found, then please do not try to replace the related parts, and wait for the qualified service person's coming.
2) Many electrical, mechanical parts in this monitor have special safety-related characteristics for protection against shock hazard and others. These characteristics are often passed unnoticed by a visual inspection and the protection afforded by them cannot necessarily be obtained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage wattage, etc. Replacement parts which have these special characteristics are identified in the manual and supplements by shading on the schematic diagram and the parts list.
3) When replacing Chassis, always be certain that all the protective devices are installed properly
4) leakage current check (figurel 1)

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Figural
(TEST METHODE)

## 1-1-2. X-RADIATION

## WARNING : The only potential source of $x$-radlation is the picture tube, however when the high voltage. Circultry is operating properly, there is no possibility of an x-radiation problem. The basic precaution is to keep the high voltage at the factory recommended level.

1) To measure the high voltage, use a high-impedance high-voltage meter.

Connect( $($ ) to chassis and ( + ) to the CRT anode cap.
2) Turn the contrast control max. clockwise.
3) Measure the high voltage. The high voltage meter should indicate the following factory recommended level
4) If the actual level exceeds the max. factory set level, then immediate service is required to prevent the possibility of premature failure of components
5) To prevent X-RADIATION possibility, it is essential to use the specified picture tube.
6) The nominal high voltage is 24 KV and not exceed 27 KV at zero beam current at rated voltage.

## 1-2. SERVICING PRECAUTION

WARNING 1 : First, reading "safety precaution" section of this manlual. If unforeseen circumstances create conflict between the servicing precautions and safety precaution, always follow the safety precautions.

## WARNING 2 : A high voltage VR replaced in the wrong direction may cause excessive

 X-RAY Emitting.
## WARNING 3 : An electrolytic capacitor Installed which the wrong polarity might explode.

1) Servicing precautions are printed on the label, and should be followed closely.
2) Always unplug the $A C$ power cord from the $A C$ power source before attempting to remove or reinstall any component or assembly, disconnect PCB plugs or connectors, connect all test Components in parallel which an electrolytic capacitor.
3) After servicing, always check that the screw, components and wiring have been correctly reinstalled. Make sure that the area around the serviced part has not been demaged.
4) Check the insulation between the blades of the $A C$ plug and accessible conductive parts(example : metal parts, input terminals)
5) Never touch any of the locked $B+$ voltage. Do not apply $A C$ power to the unit(or any of its Assemblies) unless all solid-state heatsinks are correctly installed.
6) Always connect a test instrument's ground lead to the instrument chassis ground before connecting the positive lead; always remove the instrument's ground lead last.

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## 2.Product Specifications

## 2-1 SPECIFICATIONS

1) KTN-2001

| PARAMETER | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPERATING VOLTAGE | 100 | 115/230 | 230 | VAC |
| OPERATING POWER | 50 | 60 | 70 | WATTS |
| LEAKAGE CURRENT TO CHASSIS GNG |  | $<0.40$ | 0.45 | mA |
| AT250VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (LINE/NEUT, IN COMMON) |  |  |  |  |
| HI-POT LINE/NEUT, IN COMMON |  | $<2.0$ | 2.4 | mA |
| OPERATING TEMPERATURE | 10 |  | 60 | DEgree |
| REL,HUMIDITY OPERATING | 10 |  | 90 | \% |
| MAGNETIC SHIELD | INTERNAL |  |  |  |
| DEGAUSSING | MANUAL TYPE |  |  |  |
| VIDEO SIGNAL | +0.7Vpp.Ohm MONITOR TERMINATIONS |  |  |  |
| RASTER DIM ADJUST RANGE HORIZONTAL | < 360 |  | $\geq 407$ | mm |
| RASTER DIM ADJUST RANGE VERTICAL | < 190 |  | > 309 | mm |
| MODE | 15.75 Khz |  |  |  |
| PINCUSHION(ALL BRIGHTNESS) |  |  | 3.0 | \% |
| MIS-CONVERGENCE CENTER | 0.75 |  | 0.8 | mm |
| MIS-CONVERGENCE CORNERS |  | 1.2 |  | mm |
| VERTICAL |  |  |  |  |
| SCAN RATE |  | 60 |  | Hz |
| HOLD IN RANG |  |  | $\pm 5$ | Hz |
| SYNC +5V 74LS LEVELS |  | 5.0 | 5.0 | Voltage |
| LOW | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | VOLTAGE |
| NON-LINEARITY |  |  | 5 | \% |
| HORIZONTAL |  |  |  |  |
| SCAN FREQUENCY | 15.74 |  | 15.76 | Khz |
| HOLD IN RANG |  |  | $\pm 400$ | Hz |
| SYNC POLARITY | POSITIVE |  |  |  |
| SYNC +5V 74LS LEVELS | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | Voltage |
| LOW | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | Voltage |
| NON-LINEARITY |  |  | 5 | \% |
| WHITE BAKANCE \& LUMINANCE | X= 28 | $20 \mathrm{y}=311$ | $20 \quad y=$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \pm 3 \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{L} \\ & =70 \pm 5 \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ |

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2) $\mathrm{KTN}-1401$

| PARAMETER | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPERATING VOLTAGE | 100 | 115/230 | 230 | VAC |
| OPERATING POWER | 40 | 50 | 60 | WATTS |
| LEAKAGE CURRENT TO CHASSIS GNG <br> AT250VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (LINEINEUT,IN COMMON) |  | $<0.40$ | 0.45 | mA |
| HI-POT LINE/NEUT, IN COMMON |  | < 2.0 | 2.4 | mA |
| OPERATING TEMPERATURE | 10 |  | 60 | DEGREE |
| REL,HUMIDITY OPERATING | 10 |  | 90 | \% |
| MAGNETIC SHIELD | INTERNAL |  |  |  |
| DEGAUSSING | MANUAL TYPE |  |  |  |
| VIDEO SIGNAL | +0.7Vpp, 75 Ohm MONITOR TERMINATIONS |  |  |  |
| RASTER DIM ADJUST RANGE HORIZONTAL | < 250 |  | $>285$ | mm |
| RASTER DIM ADJUST RANGE VERTICAL | < 118 |  | $>214$ | mm |
| MODE | 15.75 Khz |  |  |  |
| PINCUSHION(ALL BRIGHTNESS) |  |  | 3.0 | \% |
| MIS-CONVERGENCE CENTER | 0.64 |  | 0.7 | mm |
| MIS-CONVERGENCE CORNERS |  | 1.0 |  | mm |
| VERTICAL |  |  |  |  |
| SCAN RATE |  | 60 |  | Hz |
| HOLD IN RANG |  |  | $\pm 5$ | Hz |
| SYNC +5V 74LS LEVELS |  | 5.0 | 5.0 | VOLTAGE |
| LOW | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | VOLTAGE |
| NON-LINEARITY |  |  | 5 | \% |
| HORIZONTAL |  |  |  |  |
| SCAN FREQUENCY | 15.74 |  | 15,76 | Khz |
| HOLD IN RANG |  |  | $\pm 400$ | Hz |
| SYNC POLARITY | POSITIVE |  |  |  |
| SYNC +5V 74LS LEVELS | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | VOLTAGE |
| LOW | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | VOLTAGE |
| NON-LINEARITY |  |  | 5 | \% |
| WHITE BAKANCE \& LUMINANCE | X= 28 | $y=311$ | $20 \mathrm{Y}=$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 3 \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{L} \\ = & 70 \pm 5 \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{L} \end{aligned}$ |

## 2-2 PCB DIMENSIONS 1) MAIN PCB



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## 2)SOCKET PCB



2-2-1 6PIN SIGNAL CABLE CONNECTOR
2-2-2 PIN DESCRIPTION


| PIN - NO | PIN- NAME |
| :--- | :--- |
| PIN 1 | RED |
| PIN 2 | BIUE |
| PIN 3 | GREEN |
| PIN 4 | IBLACK |
| PIN 5 | YILLOW |
| PIN 6 | WHIITE |

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## 3. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

## 3-1 LOCATION FUNCTION OF CONTROL PCB ASS'Y



## 4.DJUSTMENT

## 4-1 ADJUSTMENT CONTROL

## 1) Orientation

When servicing, always face the monitor to the east.
2) Warm-up time

The monitor must be on for 30 minutes before starting alignment. Warm-up time is especially critical in color temperature and white balance adjustments.
3) Signal

Analog 0.714 vpp positive at $75 \Omega$, internal termination.
4) $\mathrm{B}+$ line adjustment

Signal in; adjust in order to 110 v
5) Screen adjust (FBT) : Adjust G2 V/R for BACK RAST into $0.5 \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{L}$ at the max of Brightness

## 4-2 DISPLAY CONTROL ADJUSTMENTS [ * ( ) for KTN-1401]

A. SELECT H-SIZE FUNCTION, ADJUST TO THE HORIZONTAL SIZE IS 360 mm 3 3 mm * $\mathbf{( 2 5 0 ~ m m}$ ) (V/R603)

## B: SELECT V-SIZE FUNCTION, ADJUST TO THE VERTICAL SIZE IS $190 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 3 \mathrm{~mm} *(118 \mathrm{~mm})$ (V/R204)

C. SELECT H-POSI FUNCTION, ADJUST TO CENTER THE PATTERN WITHIN THE RASTER ----------------------------- (V/R301)
D. SELECT V-POSI FUNCTION, ADJUST TO CENTER THE PATTERN WITHIN THE RASTER
(V/R202)
E. ADJUSTMENT FOCUS2 VR ON FBT TO THE OPTIMUM.

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## 5. BLOCK DIAGRAM



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## 6. GENERAL THEORY OF OPERATION

## 6-1 BLOCK DIAGRAM

Above is the block diagram of the monitor as a whole. Each major section is presented in a block. The individual circuit that make up the section is covered later and are not shown here. This simple block diagram will allow you a fundamental understanding of the complete monitor. This will help when covering the sections individually. The process from video signal to video display starts with the video signal generated from the source. The signal is composed of information that is fed into various sections of the monitor the following diagrams are based on $14^{\prime \prime} / 20^{\prime \prime}$ CGA monitor and are included for reference only. Actual circuit may be different. Please see update schematic and parts list enclosed.

## 6-2 VIDEO DRIVE SECTION



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Video signal (0.7V PP) supplied from "CN905 PIN1(RED), 3(GREEN), 5(BLUE)" is supplied to 1 C 501 PIN4, 6 , and amplified through 9C501, C502, C503. PIN 5,"C511,
PIN 8 C512, PIN 3 C513 and PIN 10 C514 are a capacitor for filter.
IC501 performs VIDEO PRE AMP and its amplltude is determined by DC BIAS of PIN 11 CHIP. PIN12 (CONTRAST) controls its output video level.
Vldeo signal passing through the DCBIAS and the Contrast control is output to PIN 25 (RED) PIN 20 (GREEN) and PIN 16 (BLUE), and supplied to Video output circuit.
PIN17, 21, 26 are resistor for Video Drive Control.
PIN 13, 23 and 28 are the Vcc input drives used to provide the power to LM1203IC.
They supply the power of 1.4 V down-converted through R510 and R511 distribution resistance to PIN 15, 19 and 24 (B, G, R-CLAMP+). PIN 18, 22 and 27 are B, G and R-Drive. PIN 22 is fixed (G-Drive is fixed as a reference), and PIN 18 and 27 control gains.
Refer to LM1203 Date Book for details.

## 6-3 VIDEO OUT PUT AMP \& BIAS SECTION



Signal supplied from video PRE AMP is sent to Q501 base. The amplitude of Q501 is determined by EMITTER RESISTOR R518 and COLLECTOR RESISTOR R522. Circuit of C517 is configured for prevention from and compensation of loss of high frequency.
VIDEO OUT PUT AMP is composed of three circuits of $R, G$ and $B$. The above description is about RED circuit. For the description of Green and Blue circuit,see the entire circuit because Location no. of the parts are differently applied.

To provide enough BIAS voltage to the cathode, adjust V/R503 and R523 to supply 115~125 V to FBT PIN 10, and transmit the amplified video to the cathode to display.
Understand the characteristics of the parts before you provide after sales service or change the part value.

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## 6-4 SMPS CIRCUIT SECTION



Power supply is composed of line filter, switching AMP and switching trans circuit. Line filter circuit removes the noise element of power line supplied from outside and prevents noise generated in switching amp from flowing out to external power line. The circuit is made up of C401, L401, C402 and C403.
AC voltage supplied through line filter circuit is supplied to D401 and converted to ripple voltage, and then converted to $D C$ through the operation of C 404 .

The switching circuit operates as following; As the DC is supplied to FE401 Gate through R402 (overvoltage preventive resister) and R403 (Start Resister), FE401 is turned on, provides pulse to T401 PINs 2 and 4, and supplies the voltage to T401 PINs 5,6 and 7 . The voltage supplied to PINs 5, 6 and 7 is supplied to Q403 Base and on both ends of R402.
The voltage to Q402 Base is variable by V/R401, and you can have the required voltage for the second destination. Therefore, if high voltage is supplied to Q403 Base, voltage to Q402 Base gets lower, and collector voltage goes up. On the other hand, if low voltage is supplied to Q403 Base, Q402 Base voltage gets lower and collector voltage goes down.

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If the voltage to Q401 Base goes up, Vc voltage goes down steeply, and FE401 becomes inactive. That makes Q401 Base voltage goes down, and voltage to FE401 Gate goes up, and hence, FE401 becomes active. Switching operation is performed as these processes are repeated. If high voltage feeds back, Q401 turns on, and voltage to FE401 Gate is reduced to stop and protect the circuit. C405, R404 and D405 are the circuits that protect FE401 from surge as it switches.
These sequential actions make power to be supplied to the secondary side of T401 and to each part. The voltage provided to the secondary side is transformed to DC through D403, leveled in C414 and C412, removed noise in L401 and C413, and provided to FBT PIN3 to be boosted.
The voltage rectified in D404 is provided to IC501, IC301, IC801, IC201 and HDT for normal monitor operation.

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PIN 8 is a protection circuit and operates by detection of feedback current.
Generally it can be used by set-up in the range of $1-8.5 \mathrm{~V}$. If abnormal phemomena happens, then high voltage goes up over about 27 KV due to abrupt elevation of voltage, $X$-ray is discharged within Brown tube. It is the circuit to prevent this and designed to stop a circuit by detection of this voltage at IC 301 (TDA 2595) [IN No 8 according to set-up voltage.
PIN 3 is connected to a voltage of 12 V line, adjusts and controls $D C$ voltage, and amount of $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{POS}$ varies according to varying amount of $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{R}$.
PIN 4 is a horizontal output terminal and can operate horizontal drive stage with this output. IIN 15 is a termirial to sispply VCc voltage.
PIN 14 H -POS adjusts and controls with DC voltage, and circuit is composed of C308, R309, R308 and VR302.
6-6 VERTICAL OUTPUT CIRCUIT SECTION


As IC 201 is built-in with oscillating part within chip, it has a function of its own oscillation, amplification and output, and it is designed to operate indepondently. Besides it is an independent circuit having special functions of ESD protection, thermal shutdown protection and etc.
TDA 1675 is a device used to supply to deflection yoke by oscillation and amplification of the oscillating part built-in within chip, and send output by amplification with pin No 1.
When IC 201 FIN 1 is not supplied with SYNC from outside, it receives input of serrated wave generated by determination of pulse width according to integer of TDA 1675 PIN 3, 4,6. Then it is amplified through amplifier built-in within chip and is supplied to deflection yoke by its output. It is thus composed so that it performs free running motion in this sequence.

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PIN 2 receives a voltage of 12 V line and is connected to a voltage of about 22 V while going through D202. This voltage is a terminal to amplify a voltage required in vertical deflection and send outpul. It receives from fly-back generator in the section of retrace time. PIN 3, PIN 4 and PIN 6 are pulse generators, and charge and discharge occurs according to capacitor value set up between PIN No 3 and No 4, and resistor value set up between PIN No 4 and No 6. OSC built-in within chip oscillates using this time, and this pulse becomes output to PIN 1 and deflected. PIN 5 and PIN 13 is NC terminal.
PIN 7 is a terminal to control $V$-size and is controlled with DC level. Its surrounding circuits are composed of R212, C207 and VR204, and are controlled according to the value of V/R204, PIN 8 is GND terminal. PIN 9 and 10 are terminals to control V-linearity and its circuit is as follows. It is composed of R214, V/R204, C209, C208 and R213, and R203 is a resistor set up for limiter use whose value is set up for correction of linearity for C208 and C209. V-linearity is to be varied according to value of $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{R} 204$.
PIN 11 and 12 are composed of reversed amplifier and filter, and its circuit is composed of C210, R215, R216, C211, R217, R218 and C212. R215 and R216 are set up for limiter use of vertical output. R218 and C212 are circuits used for damping in order to prevent distortion occurred upon switching of current flowing in DY coil.
PIN 14 is Vcc line and is supplied with a voltage of 12 V from SMPS, and is an input terminal to make IC 201 operate smoothly.

## 6-7 HORIZONTAL DRIVE \& OUTPUT CIRCUIT SECTION



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When horizontal drive receives output pulse from TDA2595 PIN 4 and supplies it to Q605 base, Q605 repeats on/off motion by pulse and at this time pulse generated at T601 operates T601.
It is composed that if T601 operates, pulse abandoned from the secondary side of T601 can fully drive horizontal output TR. Then it is supplied to Q 604 base and repeats on/off motion by pulse. Thus FBT can be operated. Then pulse to be supplied to horizontal deflection is generated at C616, C609 and C613 (When Q604 is on, C616, C609 and C613 are charged. When it is off, they are discharged.) for supply and Vep voltage of $900-1000 \mathrm{~V}$ is connected to T701 PIN1. This voltage varies according to the supplied voltage and here supplied voltage is boosted into higher voltage at T701. Then it becomes output as high voltage, screen voltage, focus voltage and etc.

## 6-8 G1 \& BRIGHTENESS CONTROL CIRCUIT

G1 control connects CDT Gl deeply to blanking section and makes line not to appear on screen by using the horizontal and vertical blanking pulse. And also this voltage receives input voltage of FBT PIN 7 and it is composed to control brightness so that voltage is controlled in the range of $-0-70 \mathrm{~V}$.
Q702 is a circuit composed so that line does not appear on screen by turning on of blanking section only and making complete cut-off through connecting deeper minus voltage to G1 than back raster level. It is composed of D201, R205, R206, R701, Q701, Q702, D702, D703, C705 and etc.


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## 6-9.SYNC CONTROL CIRCUIT



This SYNC Control Circuit acts a role to transform so that output of constant level is always made regardless of input or no input of SYNC.
In order to do so the circuit is composed using the chip built-in with 4 sets of EXCLUSIVE-OR Gate circuit,
PIN 14 is Vcc supplying terminal for driving of chip.
PIN 1, 2, 4, 5, 9, 10, 12 and 13 are SYNC input terminal.
PIN $3,6,8,11$ are output terminal. (Please refer to the following Function Table for detail contents.)

* FUNCTION TABLE
- EACH GATE

| IN-PUT |  | OUT-PUT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A(PIN 1) | B(PIN 2) | Y(PIN 3) |
| L | L | L |
| L | H | $H$ |
| $H$ | $L$ | $H$ |
| $H$ | $H$ | L |

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## 6-10 KTN-2001 (1401) Adjustment Method

(Only different parts of $14^{\prime \prime}, 20^{\prime \prime}$ specification are expressly irdicated.)

1. B+ voltage adjustment method
1) Measuring terminal: D403 cathode side
2) Adjusting V/R: VRA01
3) Adjusting voltage: $107 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V}(110 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V})-$ Option
4) Measuring conclition: AC $120 \mathrm{~V}, 60 \mathrm{Im}$, cross hatch pattern
5) Other voltage: $6.2 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V} \quad 149 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}(134 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V})$
2. Screen voltage adjustment method
1) Measuring terminal:
2) Acljusting V/R: I'.I3.T. screen VR
3) Adjusting voltage: to adjust so that Back Raster is $0.1 \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{L}$
4) Measuring condition: cross hatch pattern
3. High voltage adjustment method
1) Measuring terminal: CRT anode
2) Adjusting V/R: $24 \mathrm{KV} \pm 300 \mathrm{~V}$
3) Measuring condition: cross hatch pattern

Screen size: at full scan (horizontal frequency: 15.75 KHz )
4. Contrast adjustrinent method

1) Measuring terminal: center of screen
2) Adjusting V/R: VR702
3) Measuring condition:

- Screen voltage: $500 \pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$
- Video input voltage: 0.7 V
- Screen brightness: 'To adjust into max 70F/I.

4) Adjusting method:

- To supply WINDOW pattern by operation of signal source
- To adjust brightness into 70F/L by changing of V/R702 from Max to Min


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5. Horizontal Raster position adjustment
1) Adjusting V/R: no adjustment
2) Adjusting position: center of screen
6. Check of coordinates value
1) Acljusting position: center of screen (measured as CA-100 in CRT face)
2) Measuring condition: After adjusting Back Raster into 0.1F/L by varying of screen at Cross Hatch, measurement is made at max 70F/L in Window pattern

X: 281土20
y: $311 \pm 20$
Y: 60F/L
At this time, please confirm 40F/L at Full White
7. Other V/R Adjustment

1) Measuring condition: BS- 120 cross hatch pattern ( $31.5 \mathrm{KHz} 640 * 480$ mode)
2) Measuring method: HI-size Min below 360 mm ( 250 mm )

Max overscan
V-size Min below 190 mm ( 118 mm )
Max over scan
H -pos over 20 mm from center
$V$-pos over 10 mm from center
8. High voltage regulation check

1) Measuring terminal: CRT anode
2) Measuring voltage: $24 \mathrm{KV} \pm 300 \mathrm{~V}$
3) Measuring condition: To adjust size varying status of screen at time of maximum and minimum in Contrast V/k under Full White Pattern
4) Screen change: within 2.0 mm

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## 7. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

## 7-1 NO-POWER



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## 7-2 NO-VIDEO



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## 7-3 NO-SYSC PLOBLEM



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## 7-4 VERTICAL DEFLECTIOM PROBLEM



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## 7-5 HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION PLOBLEM



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## 7-6 X-RAY PROTECTION PLOBLEM



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## 8. Waveform for major parts


3) VERTICAT INPUT WAVEFORM

5)Q604 HORIZON OUTP(IT WAVEFORM


## 2)HORIZONTAL INIPUT WAVEFORM


4) Q6O5 IIORIZONTAL DRIVE WAVEFORM

6)ICQOIPIN 1 VERTICAI. OLTPIT WAVEFORM


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9)IC601(1203) PIN 25 IN IUT WAVEFORM

8) Q702 COLLECTOR PULSE WAVEFORM

10) Q501 COLLECTOR WAVEFORM


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## 9. BILL OF MATERIAL

| NO | DESCRIPTION | SPECIFICATION |  | LOCATION NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | JUMP WIRE | 5 mm |  | J157,J158, 」1162 |
| 2 | JUMP, WIRE | 7.5 mm |  | J122, J123, J134, J139, <br> J140, J159, J155, J161 |
| 3 | JUMP, WIRE | 10 mm |  |  |
| 4 | JUMP, WIRE | 12.5 mm |  | , 103, J104, J113, J116, J117, J127,J128 <br> J135, J136, J138, J148,ل1160,J105 |
| 5 | JUMP, WIRE | 15 mm |  | J101,R610 |
| 6 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 2.2 ohm |  | R204 |
| 7 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \quad 15$ ohm |  | R615 |
| 8 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 47 ohm |  | R618 |
| 9 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 100 ohm |  | R608 |
| 10 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 120$ ohm |  | R217 |
| 11 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 220 ohm |  | R209 |
| 12 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 270$ ohm |  | R406 |
| 13 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 330 ohm |  | R206 |
| 14 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 390$ ohm |  | R805,R807, 7705 |
| 15 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 470 ohm |  | R801, R312,R303,R606 |
| 16 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 820 ohm |  | R203 |
| 17 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 1 \mathrm{Kohm}$ |  | R216,R802, R806 |
| 18 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 1.5 Kohm |  | R411 |
| 19 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 1.8 Kohm |  | R710 |
| 20 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 2.2 \mathrm{Kohm}$ |  | R218,R809 |
| 21 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 2.7$ Kohm |  | R211 |
| 22 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 3.3 Kohm |  | R804 |
| 23 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 3.9 Kohm |  | R707 |
| 24 | AESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 4.7 Kohm |  | R302,R305 |
| 25 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 5.6 \mathrm{Kohm}$ |  | R205, R306 |
| 26 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 6.8 Kohm | 1\% | R410 |
| 27 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 7,5 Kohm |  | R207,R607 |

## KORTEK Corporation

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| NO | DESCRIPTION | SPECIFICATION | LOCATION NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 8.2 Kohm | R208 |
| 29 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 10 \mathrm{Kohm}$ | R304,R808,R810,D703 |
| 30 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 12 Kohm | R210 |
| 31 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 12 Kohm 1\% | R308 |
| 32 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 18 Kohm 1\% | R423 |
| 33 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 30 Kohm | R310 |
| 34 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 33 Kohm | R605 |
| 35 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} 47$ Kohm | R408,R702,R311 |
| 36 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 56 Kohm | R602,R307 |
| 37 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 82 Kohm | R214, R603 |
| 38 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 100 Kohm | R301, R309 |
| 39 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 150 Kohm | R212 |
| 40 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 200 Kohm | R706 |
| 41 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 560 Kohm | R213 |
| 42 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/2W 560 Kohm | R401, R403 |
| 43 | DIODE - BRIDGE | PBS208GUCA | BD401 |
| 44 | DIODE | 1N4002 | D202 |
| 45 | DIODE | BY228 | D607 |
| 46 | DIODE | BYW95C | D602 |
| 47 | DIODE | FR107 | D302,D405,D702 |
| 48 | DIODE | FR157 | D704,D705 |
| 49 | DIODE | 1N4148 | D203,D301, D60\% |
| 50 | DIODE | UF206 | D402,D403,D404,D605 |
| 51 | DIODE - ZENER | 1N4735 (1 W6.2V) | D401 |
| 52 | DIODE - ZENER | 1N4742 (1 W 12 V) | D606 |
| 53 | DIODE - ZENER | 1N5231 (1/2W 5.1V) | D801 |
| 54 | DIODE - ZENER | 1N5242 (1/2W 12 V ) | 0201 |
| 55 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 68 Kohm | IC301 Rear attachment with |
| 56 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 1 W 0.47 ohm | R402 |
| 57 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 1 W 10 ohm | R413 |
| 58 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 1 W 0.2 ohm | R417 |
| 59 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 1 W 1.5 ohm | R215 |
| 60 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 1 W 56 ohm | R407 |

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| NO | DESCRIPTION | SPECIFICATION | LOCATION NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 61 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 1 W 120 ohm | R201 |
| 62 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 1 W 1.5 Kohm | R803 |
| 63 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 1 W 1.8 Kohm | R412 |
| 64 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 2 W 39 ohm | R409 |
| 65 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 2 W 120 ohm | R614 |
| 66 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 2 W 2.2 Kohm | R701 |
| 67 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 2 W 1 ohm | R704 |
| 68 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 2 W 68 Kohm | R404 |
| 69 | RESISTOR - CEMENT | 5 W 27 ohm | R405 |
| 70 | RESISTOR - CEMENT | 5 W 68 ohm | R616 |
| 71 | RESISTOR - VARIABLE | CET 065C 100B | VR801.VR802,VR803 |
| 72 | RESISTOR - VARIABLE | CET 065C 5KB | VR401 |
| 73 | RESISTOR - VARIABLE | CET 065C 10KB | VR302,VR303 |
| 74 | RESISTOR - VARIABLE | CET 065C 200kB | VR201 |
| 75 | CAPACITOR - CERAMIC | 50 V 101 pF | C302 |
| 76 | CAPACITOR - CERAMIC | 50 V 104 pF | C317,C701, C703,706 |
| 77 | CAPACITOR - CERAMIC | 50 V 471 pF | C705 |
| 78 | CAPACITOR - CERAMIC | 250 V 472pF AC | C402,C403,0417 |
| 79 | CAPACITOR - CERAMIC, EPOXY | 1 KV 101 pF | C408 |
| 80 | CAPACITOR - CERAMIC, EPOXY | 2 KV 101 pF | C406 |
| 81 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 16 V 100uF | C 802 |
| 82 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 16 V 1000uF | C615 |
| 83 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 25 V 10 uF | C804, 8806 |
| 84 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 25 V 47 UF | C211 |
| 85 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 25 V 220 uF | C310. |
| 86 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 25 V 2200uF | C212 |
| 87 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 35 V 1000uF | C416 |
| 88 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 50 V 1 uF | C210, С308, С311, C207 |
| 89 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 50 V 10 uF | C316.C709 |
| 90 | CAPACITOR, X-CAP(PILKOR) | 250 V 224 pF K (BOX-TYPE) | C101, C102 |
| 91 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 50 V 100 uF | C203, 6611 |
| 92 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 160 V 1 uF | C702 |
| 93 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 160 V 47 uF | C413 |

## KORTEK Corporation

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| NO | DESCRIPTION | SPECIFICATION | LOCATION NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 127 | TRANSISTOR | C945YC | Q301, Q703, Q801 |
| 128 | TRANSISTOR | D5072 | Q604 |
| 129 | LINE FILTEA | .ALF-200 | LF401 |
| 130 | MAIN-ThANS | T401A | T401 |
| 131 | DRIVE-TRANS | T601 | T601 |
| 132 | FLY BACK TRANSFORMER | FN-1441B (New spec.) | T701 |
| 133 | COIL - CHOKE | 301 uH | L401, L402 |
| 134 | COLL-CHOKE | 102 (1mH) | L601 |
| 135 | COIL - LINEARITY | 540 | L701 |
| 136 | POSISTOR | DP3BG140ML12 | TH401 |
| 137 | THERMISTOR | 8D-13 | TH403 |
| 138 | FUSE HOLDER | FUSE CLIP FC-51A | F401 |
| 139 | FUSE | 250V 3.15A S/B(50T) | F401 |
| 140 | G.T PIN | $2.36 \times 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ | GND |
| 141 | G.T PIN (D-COLL) | YFW800-02 8 mm | CN4O2 |
| 142 | G.T PIN | YFW-800-02 10 mm | CN401 |
| 143 | CONNECTOR (KTN) | 8PX 6P 330mm CRT SOCKET | CN801 |
| 144 | CONNECTOR (KTN) | 8PX 8P 330 mm CRT SOCKET | CN701 |
| 145 | WAFER | YFW-800-04 | CN201 |
| 146 | WAFER | 5267-06 | CN801 |
| 147 | WAFER | 5267-08 | CN701 |
| 148 | WAFER | 0640-08 | CN202 |
| 149 | WAFER | 0640-09 | CN202 |
| 150 | WAFER - MOLEX | LW-1143-06 | CN802 |
| 151 | HEAT SINK | JS-92 40 mm | 1C201,Q601 |
| 152 | HEAT SINK | JS-92 55 mm | FE401, Q604 |
| 153 | PCB - MAIN | KTN | PCB |
| 154 | SILICON PAD RUBBER | Insulation paper (20x25mm) | FE401 |
| 155 | SCREW PAN | TP $3 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}$ 2至 CUT | IC201, 0601 |
| 156 | SCREW PAN | TP $3 \times 8 \mathrm{~mm}$ 2좋 CUT |  |
| 157 | SCREW PAN | TP $3 \times 12 \mathrm{~mm}$ 2좀 CUT | FE401 |
| 158 | CHASSIS BRACKET | KTN CHASSIS |  |
| 159 | PCB CHASSIS | KTN MAIN |  |
| 160 | JUMP - WIRE | ${ }^{6} \mathrm{~mm}$ | J501, J506 |

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| NO | DESCRIPTION | SPECIFICATION | LOCATION NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 161 | JUMP - WIRE | 7.5 mm | J505.J509 |
| 162 | JUMP - WIRE | 10 mm | J504, J502, J503 |
| 163 | JUMP - WIRE | 12.5 mm | J507, J508 |
| 164 | RFSISTOR - CARBON | 1/6W 47 ohm | R512,R513,R515,R519 |
| 165 | RESISTOR - CAREON | 1/6W 100 ohm | R505 |
| 166 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/6W 150 ohm | R518,R524, R532 |
| 167 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 6 \mathrm{~W} 220$ ohm F | R501,R502,R503 |
| 168 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/6W 470 ohm | R509,R514,R516,R517,R520,R528 |
| 169 | RESISTOR - CARBON | $1 / 6 \mathrm{~W} 620$ ohm | R51. |
| 170 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/6W 1 1 Kohm | R504 |
| 171 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/6W 5.6 Kohm | R510 |
| 172 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/6W 10 Kohm | R506,R507,R508 |
| 173 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/6W 180 Kohm | R523,R525,R526,R527,R529,R530 |
| 174 | DIODE | FR105 | D501, D502, D503, D504, D505 |
| 175 | CRT-PCB | KTN | PCB |
| 176 | CAPACITOR - CERAMIC | 50 V 10 pF | C 513 |
| 177 | CAPACITOR - CERAMIC | 50 V 104 pF | C504, C506,C511, C512,C514 |
| 178 | CAPACITOR - CERMAIC | 50 V 560PF J | C517,C519,C526 |
| 179 | CAPACITOR - CERAMIC | 500 V 101 pF K | C505 |
| 180 | CAPACITOR - CERAMIC | 2 KV 472 pF | C529 |
| 181 | CAPACITOR - ELECTRONIC | 16 V 220 uF | C507 |
| 182 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 25 V 10 uF | C501, C502,503 |
| 183 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 50 V 4.7 uF | C515,C516 |
| 184 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 250 V 1 uF | C520, C522,523 |
| 185 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 250 V 10 uF KMG | C525 |
| 186 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 250 V 47 UF KMG | C527 |
| 187 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | BP 100V 1uF | C518,521.C524 |
| 188 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/2W 150 Kohm | R533 |
| 189 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 2 W 3.9 Kohm | R521,R522,R531 |
| 190 | RESISTOR - VARIABLE | CET 068C 100B | VR501,VR502 |
| 191 | RESISTOR - VAFIABLE | CET 068C 50KB | VR503,VR504, VR505 |
| 192 | SURGE - ABSORBER | BSD-201 (200V) | SG501,SG502,SG503,SG504 |
| 193 | TRANSISTOR | C1507 | Q501, Q502, Q503 |

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| NO | DESCRIPTION | SPECIFICATION | LOCATION NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 194 | COIL - PEAKING | 101 uh (101) | L504 |
| 195 | IC | LM1203N | IC501 |
| 196 | G. T PIN | $2.36 \times 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ | GND |
| 197 | HEAT SINK - TR | JS-23-1 25 mm | Q501, Q502, Q503 |
| 198 | WAFER | 5267-08 | CN501 |
| 199 | WAFER | 0640-08 | CN502 |
| 200 | SOCKET - CRT | PCS 629-01A | CRT 629 |
| 201 | CABLE TIE | 100 mm |  |
| 202 | CRT COVER | KTN | SOCKET COVER |
| 203 | SCREW PAN | TP 3X8mm CUT | Q501, Q502, Q503 |
| 204 | RESISTOR - VARIABLE | CET 92E 200KB | VR204,VR701 |
| 205 | RESISTOR - VARIABLE | CET 92E 10 KB | VR301,VR702,VR603 |
| 206 | RESISTOR - VARIABLE | CET 92E 1 KB | VR202 |
| 207 | RESISTOR - METAL | 1 W 180 ohm | R219 |
| 208 | CONNECTOR (KTN) | $17 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{R}$ FLAT CABLE 500mm | CN203 |
| 209 | MOUNTION | MOUNTION - 31 |  |
| 210 | VOLUME COVER | KTN | VR COVER |
| 211 | VOLUME PCB | KTN | PCB |
| 212 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 3.9 Kohm | R708 |
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## KORTEK Corporation


KTN-2001/1401
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| NO | DESCRIPTION | SPECIFICATION | LOCATION NO. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | DIOD | UF206 | D605 |
| 2 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 470 ohm | R606 |
| 3 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 7.5 Kohm | R607 |
| 4 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 10 Kohm | 0703 |
| 5 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 30 Kohm | R310 |
| 6 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 33 Kohm | R605 |
| 7 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 47 Kohm | R311 |
| 8 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 56 Kohm | R602, R307 |
| 9 | RESISTOR - CARBON | 1/4W 82 Kohm | R603 |
| 10 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 50 V 100 uF | C611 |
| 11 | CAPACITOR - ELECTROLYTIC | 40 V 220 uF | C404 |
| 12 | CAPACITOR - MYLAR | 100 V 102 Pf J | C603 |
| 13 | CAPACITOR - MYLAR | 100V 683pF | Upper part of R312 |
| 14 | CAPACITOR - P.P | 630 V 103 pF J | C609 |
| 15 | CAPACITOR - P.P | $1.6 \mathrm{KV} \mathrm{152pF} \mathrm{j}$ | C613 |
| 16 | CAPACITOR - P.P | 1.6KV 472pF j | C616 |
| 17 | COIL - CHOKE | $102(1 \mathrm{mH})$ | L601 |
| 18 | COIL - LINEARITY | 540 | L701 |
| 19 | IC | KA358A | 16601 |
| 20 | RESISTOR - METAL CARBON | 1/4W 68 Kohm | Rear part of IC301 |
| 21 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 1W 1.5 ohm | R215 |
| 22 | RESISTOR - METAL OXIDE | 2W 1 ohm | R704 |
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